



LITEMAX

SSF/SSH6740-I V1

Sunlight Readable 67.4" LED B/L LCD

User Manual

| Approved by | Checked by | Prepared by |
|-------------|------------|-------------|
| | | |

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Record of Revision

| Version and Date | Page | Old Description | New Description | Remark |
|------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|
| Sep /7/2020 | all | | Initial release | |
| | | | | |
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1 General Description

The SSF/SSH6740-I is a 67.4 inch color TFT-LCD display with special aspect ratio 16:4.4 and wide resolution 3840 x 1076 . It is Litemax's Spanpixel series product which designed for high brightness 2000 nits with power efficiency LED backlight. It provides LCD panel with specific aspect ratios and sunlight readable for digital signage, public transportation, exhibition hall, department store, and vending machine.

1.1 Features

- Resizing LCD
- Ultra-Wide Screen (16 : 4.4)
- High Brightness 2000 nits
- Sunlight Readable
- LED Backlight
- BL MTBF: 100,000 hours

1.2 General Specifications

| Model Name | SSF/SSH6740-I V1 |
|-------------------------|--|
| Description | 67.4" Resizing LCD, 2000 nits LED backlight, 3840x1076 |
| Screen Size | 67.4" |
| Display Area (mm) | 1650.240(H) x 462.680(V) |
| Brightness | 2000 cd/m ² |
| Resolution | 3840x1076 |
| Aspect Ratio | 16 : 4.4 |
| Contrast Ratio | 5600 : 1 |
| Pixel Pitch (mm) | 0.430(H) x 0.430(V) |
| Pixel Per Inch (PPI) | 59 |
| Viewing Angle | 178°(H),178°(V) |
| Color Saturation (NTSC) | 84% |
| Display Colors | 1.07G |
| Response Time (Typical) | 9.5ms |
| Panel Interface | V-by-One |
| Input Interface | DVI-D, HDMI, DP |
| Input Power | AC100~240V |
| Power Consumption | 262W, 271W (with AD board) |
| OSD Key | 5 Keys (Power Switch, Menu, +, -, Exit) |
| OSD Control | Brightness, Color, Contrast, Auto Turing, H/V Position...etc |
| Dimensions (mm) | 1696.3 x 497 x 28.2 |
| Bezel Size(U/B/L/R) | 17.16/17.16/23.03/23.03 mm |
| Weight (Net) | 19.3 kg |
| Operating Temperature | 0 °C ~ 50 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -20 °C ~ 60 °C |

SSF= Panel + LED Driving Board

SSH= Panel + LED Driving Board + AD Control Board

1.3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute Ratings of Environment

| Item | Symbol | Value | | Unit | Note |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-------|------|------|----------|
| | | Min. | Max. | | |
| Storage Temperature | T _{ST} | -20 | +60 | °C | (1) |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | T _{OP} | 0 | 50 | °C | (1), (2) |
| Shock (Non-Operating) | S _{NOP} | - | 35 | G | (3), (5) |
| Vibration (Non-Operating) | V _{NOP} | - | 1.0 | G | (4), (5) |

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. ($T_a \leq 40$ °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max.
- (c) No condensation.

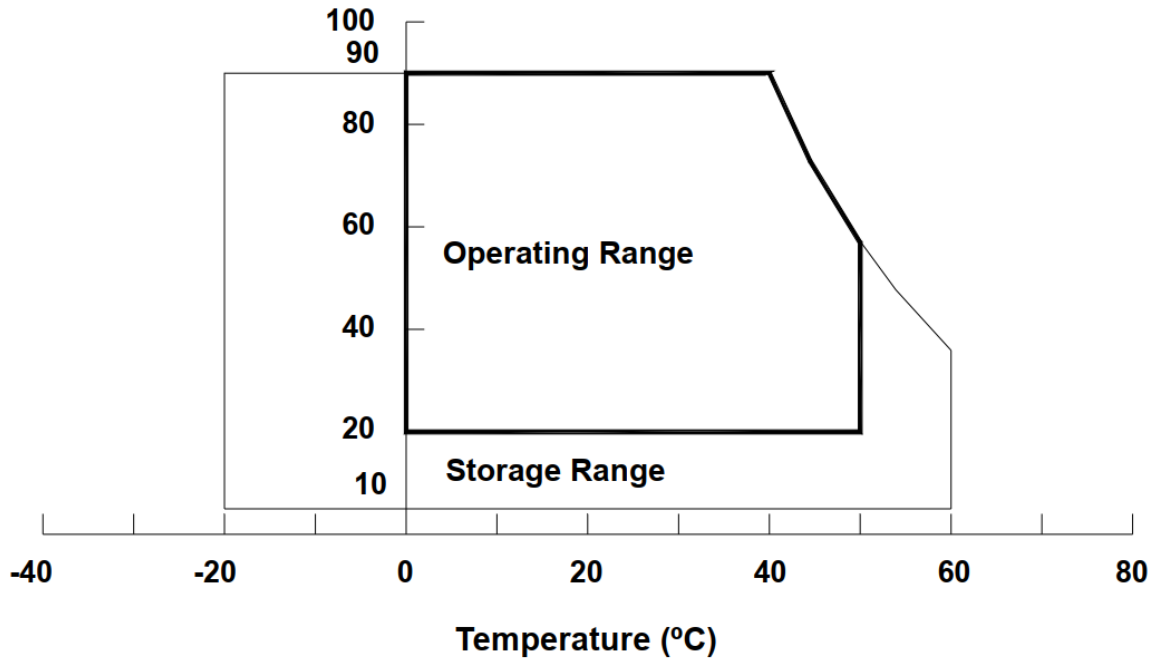
Note (2) Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 65 °C. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.

Note (3) 11 ms, half sine wave, 1 time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$.

Note (4) 10 ~ 200 Hz, 30 min, 1 time each X, Y, Z.

Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

Relative Humidity (%RH)



Electrical Absolute Ratings

| Item | Symbol | Value | | Unit | Note |
|----------------------|--------|-------|------|------|------|
| | | Min. | Max. | | |
| Power Supply Voltage | VCC | -0.3 | 13.5 | V | (1) |
| Logic Input Voltage | VIN | -0.3 | 3.6 | V | |

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

2 Electrical Specifications

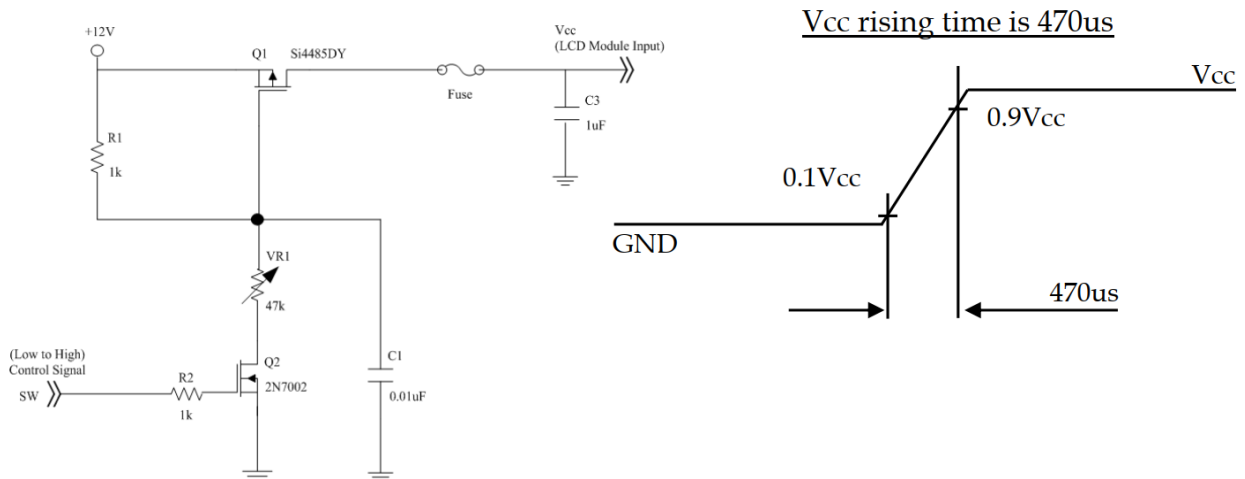
2.1 TFT LCD Characteristics

(Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | | | Unit | Note | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------|------|-------|-------|------|-----|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | | |
| Power Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | 10.8 | 12 | 13.2 | V | (1) | |
| Rush Current | I _{RUSH} | — | — | 7 | A | (2) | |
| OFHD 60Hz Output Power Consumption | White Pattern | P _T | — | 17.1 | 18.70 | W | (3) |
| | Black Pattern | P _T | — | 16.42 | 18.10 | | |
| | Horizontal Stripe | P _T | — | 55.89 | 61.47 | | |
| OFHD 60Hz Output Power Supply Current | White Pattern | — | — | 1.63 | 1.76 | A | |
| | Black Pattern | — | — | 1.57 | 1.70 | A | |
| | Horizontal Stripe | — | — | 5.4 | 5.85 | A | |
| VbyOne HS | Differential Input High Threshold Voltage | VLVTH | — | — | +50 | mV | |
| | Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage | VLVTL | -50 | — | — | mV | |
| | Differential Input Resistor | RRIN | 80 | 100 | 120 | ohm | |
| CMOS interface | Input High Threshold Voltage | VIH | 2.7 | — | 3.6 | V | |
| | Input Low Threshold Voltage | VIL | 0 | — | 0.7 | V | |

Note (1) The module should be always operated within the above ranges. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC} (Typ.)

Note (2) Measurement condition :



Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at $V_{cc} = 12\text{ V}$, $T_a = 25 \pm 2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $f_v = 60\text{ Hz}$, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



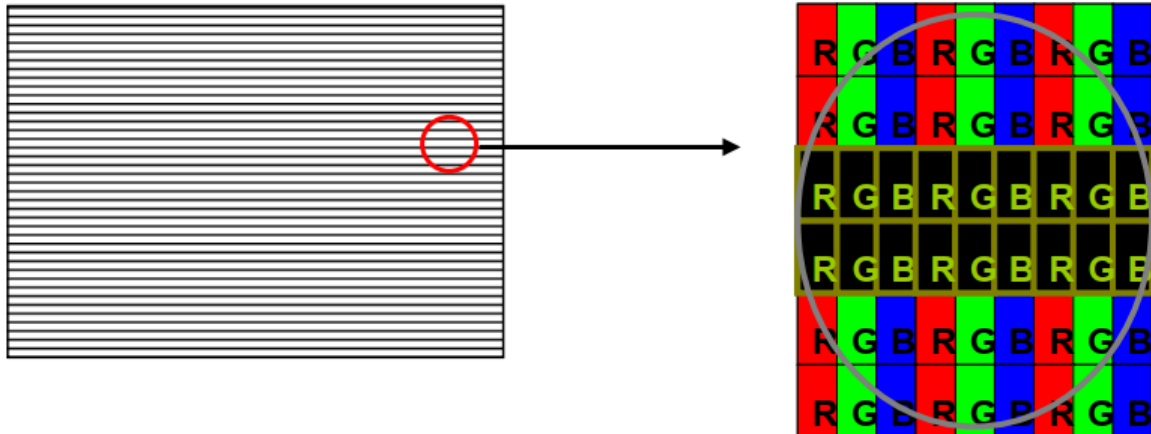
Active Area

b. Black Pattern



Active Area

c. Heavy Loading pattern



2.2 Input Terminal Pin Assignment

CNC4 Connector Pin Assignment: [187059-51221(P-TWO), WF23-402-5133(FCN)]

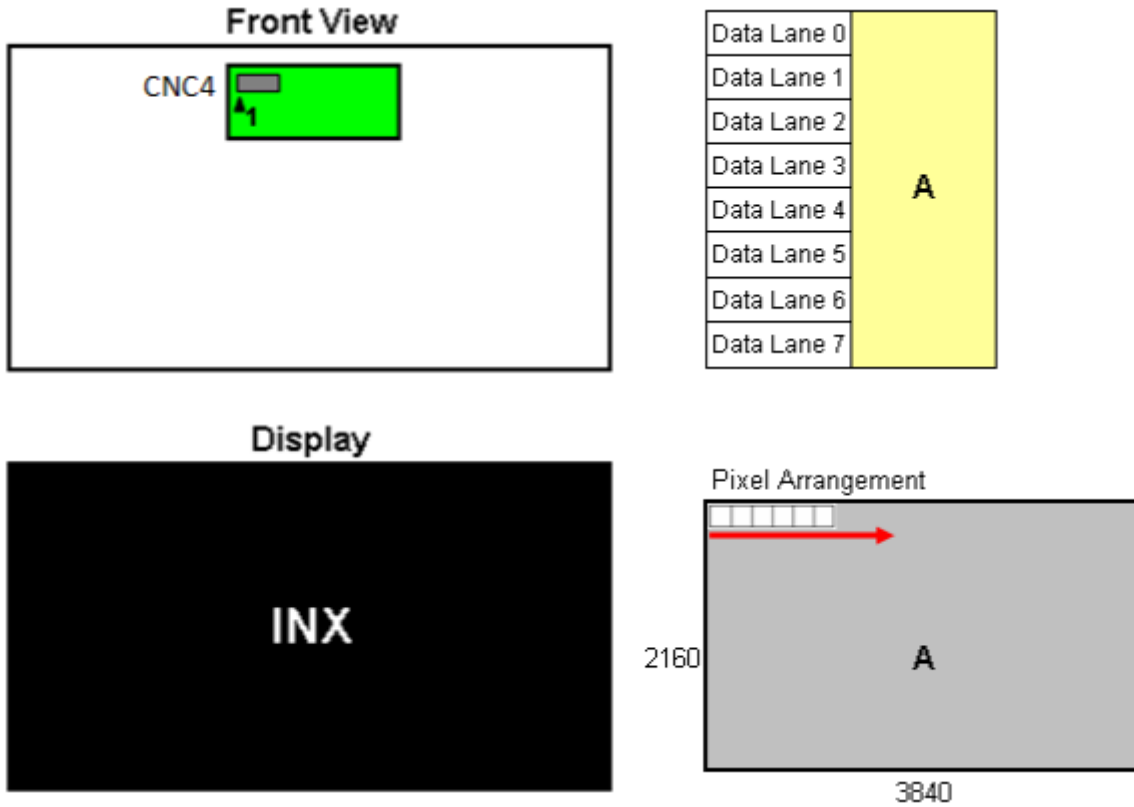
Matting Connector: [FI-RE51HL (JAE)]

| Pin | Name | Description | Note |
|-----|-------|---|------|
| 1 | Vin | Power input (+12V) | |
| 2 | Vin | Power input (+12V) | |
| 3 | Vin | Power input (+12V) | |
| 4 | Vin | Power input (+12V) | |
| 5 | Vin | Power input (+12V) | |
| 6 | Vin | Power input (+12V) | |
| 7 | Vin | Power input (+12V) | |
| 8 | Vin | Power input (+12V) | |
| 9 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 10 | GND | Ground | |
| 11 | GND | Ground | |
| 12 | GND | Ground | |
| 13 | GND | Ground | |
| 14 | GND | Ground | |
| 15 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 16 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 17 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 18 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 19 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 20 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 21 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 22 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 23 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 24 | N.C. | No Connection | (6) |
| 25 | HTPDN | Hot plug detect output, Open drain. | |
| 26 | LOCKN | Lock detect output, Open drain. | |
| 27 | GND | Ground | |
| 28 | RX0N | 1 ST Pixel Negative V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 0 | (1) |
| 29 | RX0P | 1 ST Pixel Positive V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 0 | |
| 30 | GND | Ground | |
| 31 | RX1N | 2 ND Pixel Negative V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 1 | (1) |

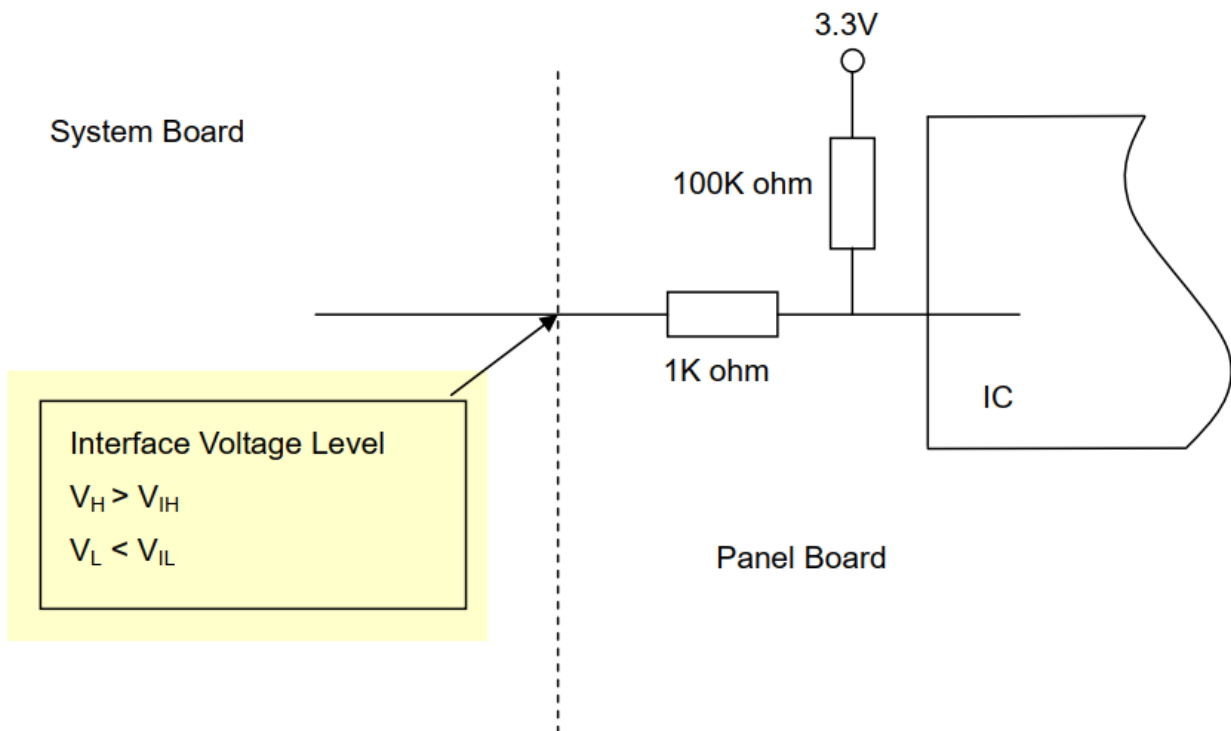
| | | | |
|----|------|---|-----|
| 32 | RX1P | 2 ND Pixel Positive V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 1 | |
| 33 | GND | Ground | |
| 34 | RX2N | 3 RD Pixel Negative V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 2 | (1) |
| 35 | RX2P | 3 RD Pixel Positive V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 2 | |
| 36 | GND | Ground | |
| 37 | RX3N | 4 TH Pixel Negative V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 3 | (1) |
| 38 | RX3P | 4 TH Pixel Positive V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 3 | |
| 39 | GND | Ground | |
| 40 | RX4N | 5 TH Pixel Negative V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 4 | (1) |
| 41 | RX4P | 5 TH Pixel Positive V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 4 | |
| 42 | GND | Ground | |
| 43 | RX5N | 6 TH Pixel Negative V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 5 | (1) |
| 44 | RX5P | 6 TH Pixel Positive V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 5 | |
| 45 | GND | Ground | |
| 46 | RX6N | 7 TH Pixel Negative V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 6 | (1) |
| 47 | RX6P | 7 TH Pixel Positive V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 6 | |
| 48 | GND | Ground | |
| 49 | RX7N | 8 TH Pixel Negative V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 7 | (1) |
| 50 | RX7P | 8 TH Pixel Positive V-by-One differential data input in area A. Lane 7 | |
| 51 | GND | Ground | |

Note (1) V-by-One® HS Data Mapping

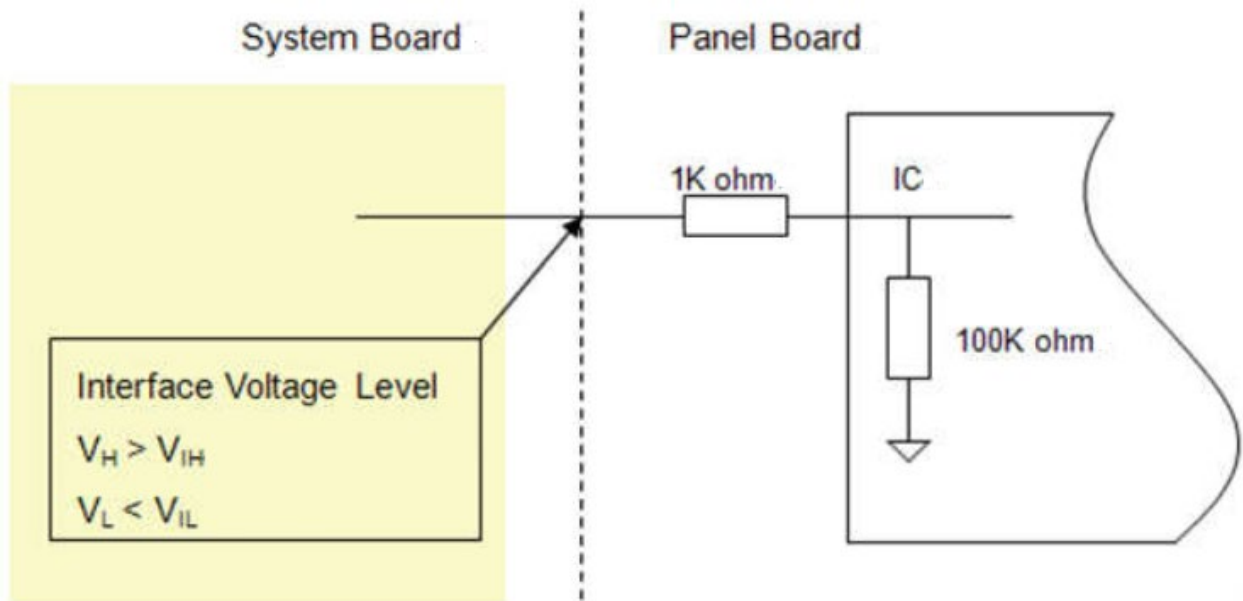
| Area | Lane | Data Stream |
|------|--------|------------------------------|
| A | Lane 0 | 1, 9, 17,, 3825, 3833 |
| | Lane 1 | 2, 10, 18,, 3826, 3834 |
| | Lane 2 | 3, 11, 19,, 3827, 3835 |
| | Lane 3 | 4, 12, 20,, 3828, 3836 |
| | Lane 4 | 5, 13, 21,, 3829, 3837 |
| | Lane 5 | 6, 14, 22,, 3830, 3838 |
| | Lane 6 | 7, 15, 23,, 3831, 3839 |
| | Lane 7 | 8, 16, 24,, 3832, 3840 |



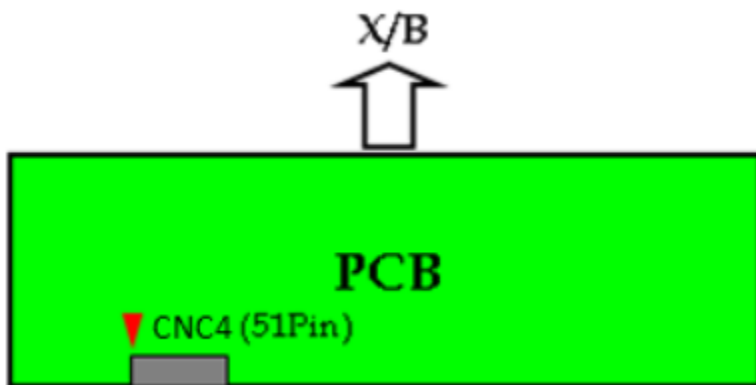
Note (2) Interface optional pin has internal scheme as following diagram. Customer should keep the interface voltage level requirement which including Panel board loading as below.



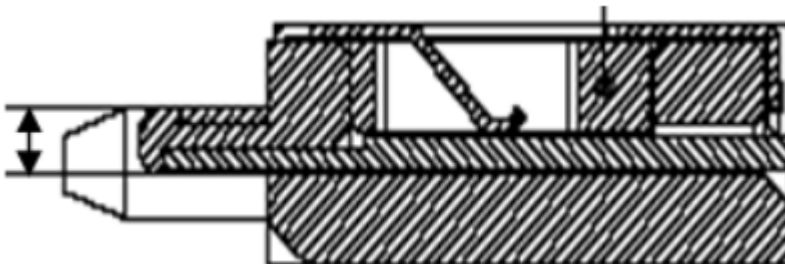
Note (3) Interface optional pin has internal scheme as following diagram. Customer should keep the interface voltage level requirement which including Panel board loading as below.



Note (4) V-by-One HS connector pin order defined as follows



Note (5) V-by-One connector mating dimension range request is 0.93mm~1.0mm as below



Note (6) Reserved for internal use. Please leave it open.

2.3 Color Data Input Assignment

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

| Color | | Data Signal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Red | | | | | | | | | | Green | | | | | | | | | | Blue | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | R9 | R8 | R7 | R6 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G9 | G8 | G7 | G6 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | G0 | B9 | B8 | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic Colors | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Blue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Cyan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Magenta | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Gray Scale Of Red | Red (0) / Dark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Red (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Red (2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | Red (1021) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Red (1022) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Red (1023) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Gray Scale Of Green | Green (0) / Dark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Green (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Green (2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | Green (1021) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Green (1022) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Green (1023) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Gray Scale Of Blue | Blue (0) / Dark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Blue (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| | Blue (2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | Blue (1021) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| Blue (1022) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | |
| Blue (1023) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage , 1: High Level Voltage

2.4 Input Signal Timing Specifications

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.
($T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

| Signal | Item | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|------|------|
| Frequency | Data Clock | 1/Tc | 70 | 74.25 | 80 | MHZ | (1) |
| V-by-One Receiver | Intra-Pair skew | | -0.3 | — | 0.3 | UI | (2) |
| | Inter-pair skew | | -5 | — | 5 | UI | (3) |
| | Spread spectrum modulation range | $F_{clk_{in_mod}}$ | 1/Tc-0.5% | — | 1/Tc+0.5% | MHZ | (4) |
| | Spread spectrum modulation frequency | F_{SSM} | — | — | 30 | KHz | |

Timing spec for QFHD Frame Rate = 50Hz

| Signal | Item | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note | |
|--|---------|---------|-------|------|------|------|------|-------------------------|
| Frame rate | 2D mode | Fr | 49 | 50 | 51 | Hz | | |
| Frequency | | Fh | 122.8 | 135 | 140 | KHz | | |
| Vertical Active Display Term (8 Lane,3840X2160 Active Area) | 2D Mode | Total | Tv | 2200 | 2700 | 2790 | Th | $T_v = T_{vd} + T_{vb}$ |
| | | Display | Tvd | 2160 | | | Th | |
| | | Blank | Tvb | 40 | 540 | 630 | Th | |
| Horizontal Active Display Term (8 Lane,3840X2160 Active Area) | 2D Mode | Total | Th | 530 | 550 | 570 | Tc | $T_h = T_{hd} + T_{hb}$ |
| | | Display | Thd | 480 | | | Tc | |
| | | Blank | Thb | 50 | 70 | 90 | Tc | |

Timing spec for QFHD Frame Rate = 60Hz

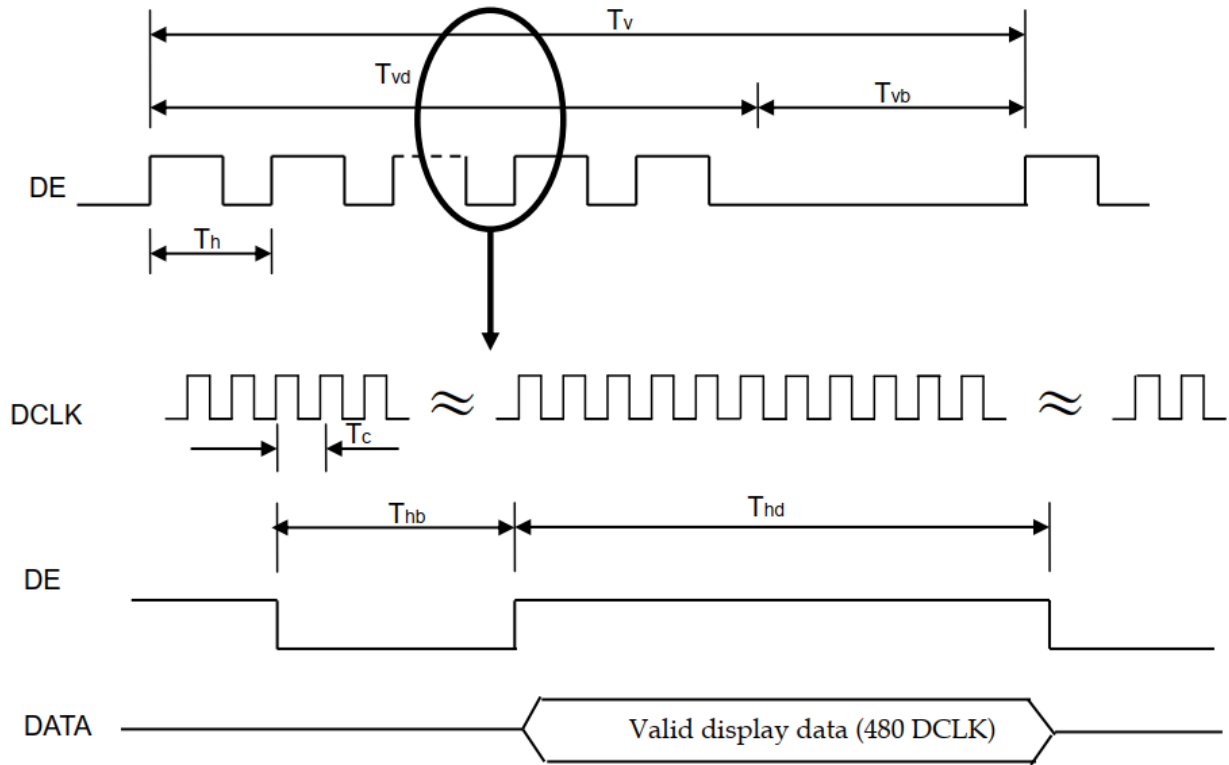
| Signal | Item | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note | |
|--|---------|---------|-------|------|------|------|------|-------------------------|
| Frame Rate | 2D Mode | F_r | 59 | 60 | 61 | Hz | | |
| Frequency | | F_h | 122.8 | 135 | 140 | KHz | | |
| Vertical Active Display Term (8 Lane,3840X2160 Active Area) | 2D Mode | Total | Tv | 2200 | 2250 | 2790 | Th | $T_v = T_{vd} + T_{vb}$ |
| | | Display | Tvd | 2160 | | | Th | |
| | | Blank | Tvb | 40 | 90 | 630 | Th | |
| Horizontal Active Display Term (8 Lane,3840X2160 Active Area) | 2D Mode | Total | Th | 530 | 550 | 570 | Tc | $T_h = T_{hd} + T_{hb}$ |
| | | Display | Thd | 480 | | | Tc | |
| | | Blank | Thb | 50 | 70 | 90 | Tc | |

Note (1) Please make sure the range of pixel clock has follow the below equation :

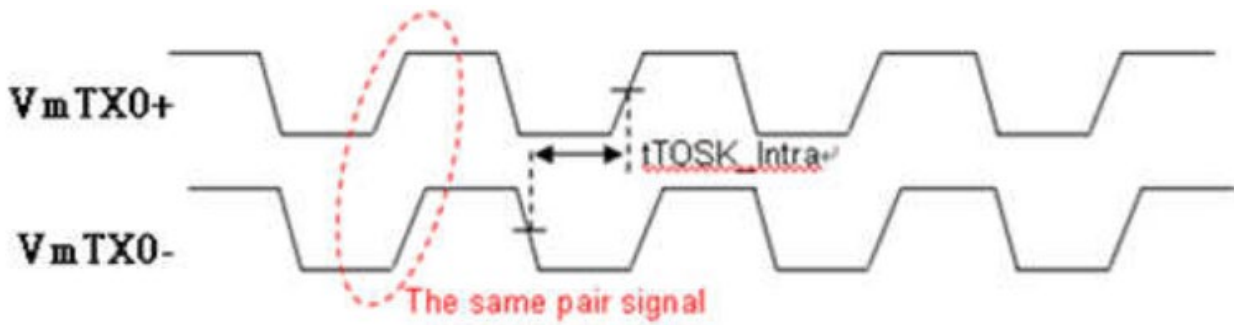
$$F_{clk}(max) \geq Fr \times Tv \times Th$$

$$Fr \times Tv \times Th \geq F_{clk}(min)$$

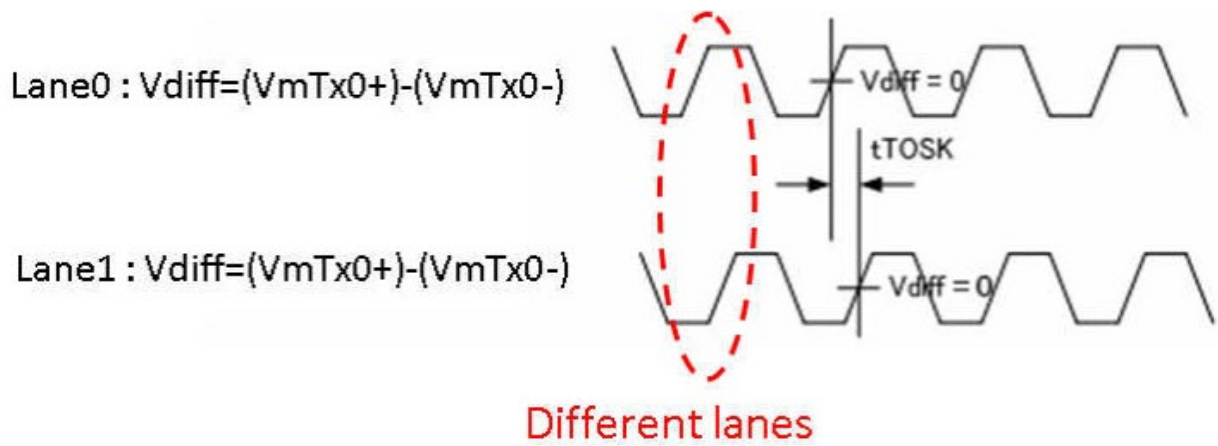
INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



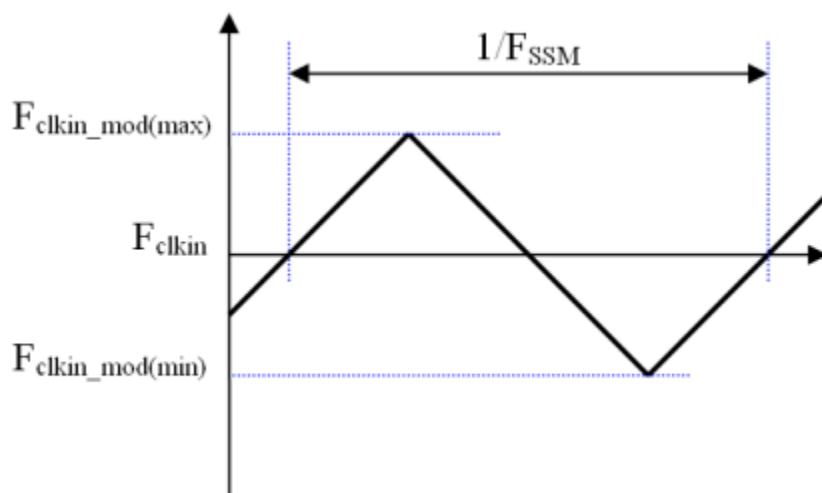
Note (2) Intra-pair Data skew.



Note (3) V-by-One HS Inter-pair skew.



Note (4) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



2.5 V by One Input Signal Timing Diagram

The eye diagram is measured by the oscilloscope and receiver CDR characteristic must be emulated.

PLL bandwidth : 40MHz

Damping facto : 1.4

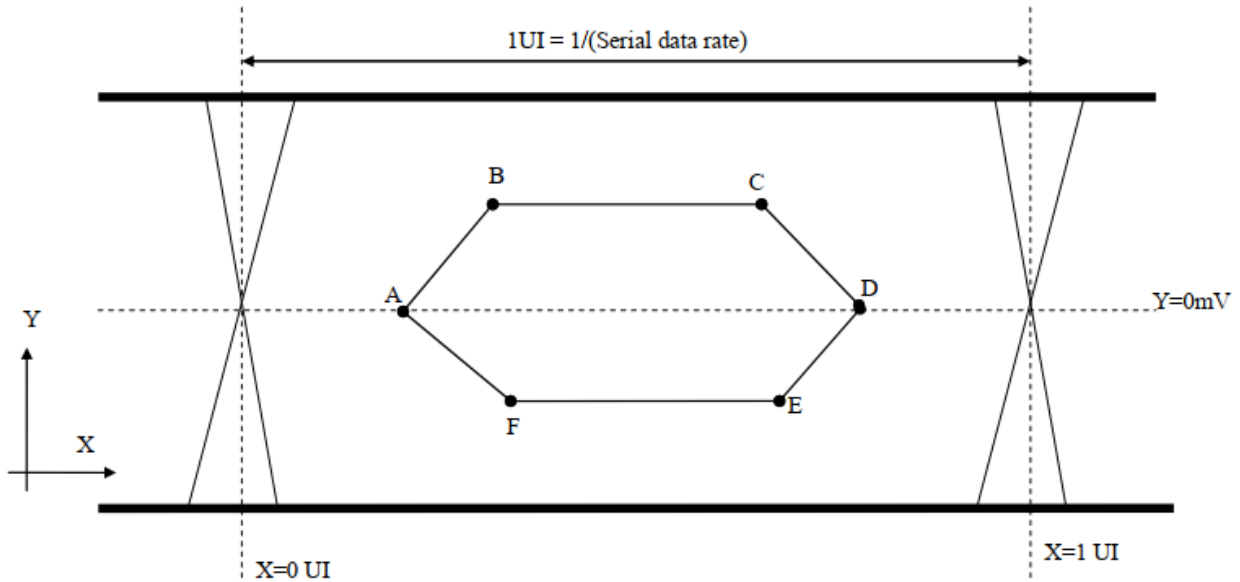


Table 1 Eye Mask Specification

| | X [UI] | Y [mV] | Note |
|---|--------|--------|------|
| A | 0.25 | 0 | (1) |
| B | 0.3 | 50 | (1) |
| C | 0.7 | 50 | (1) |
| D | 0.75 | 0 | (1) |
| E | 0.7 | -50 | (1) |
| F | 0.3 | -50 | (1) |

Note (1) Input levels of V-by-One HS signals are comes from “V-by-One HS Stander Ver.1.4”

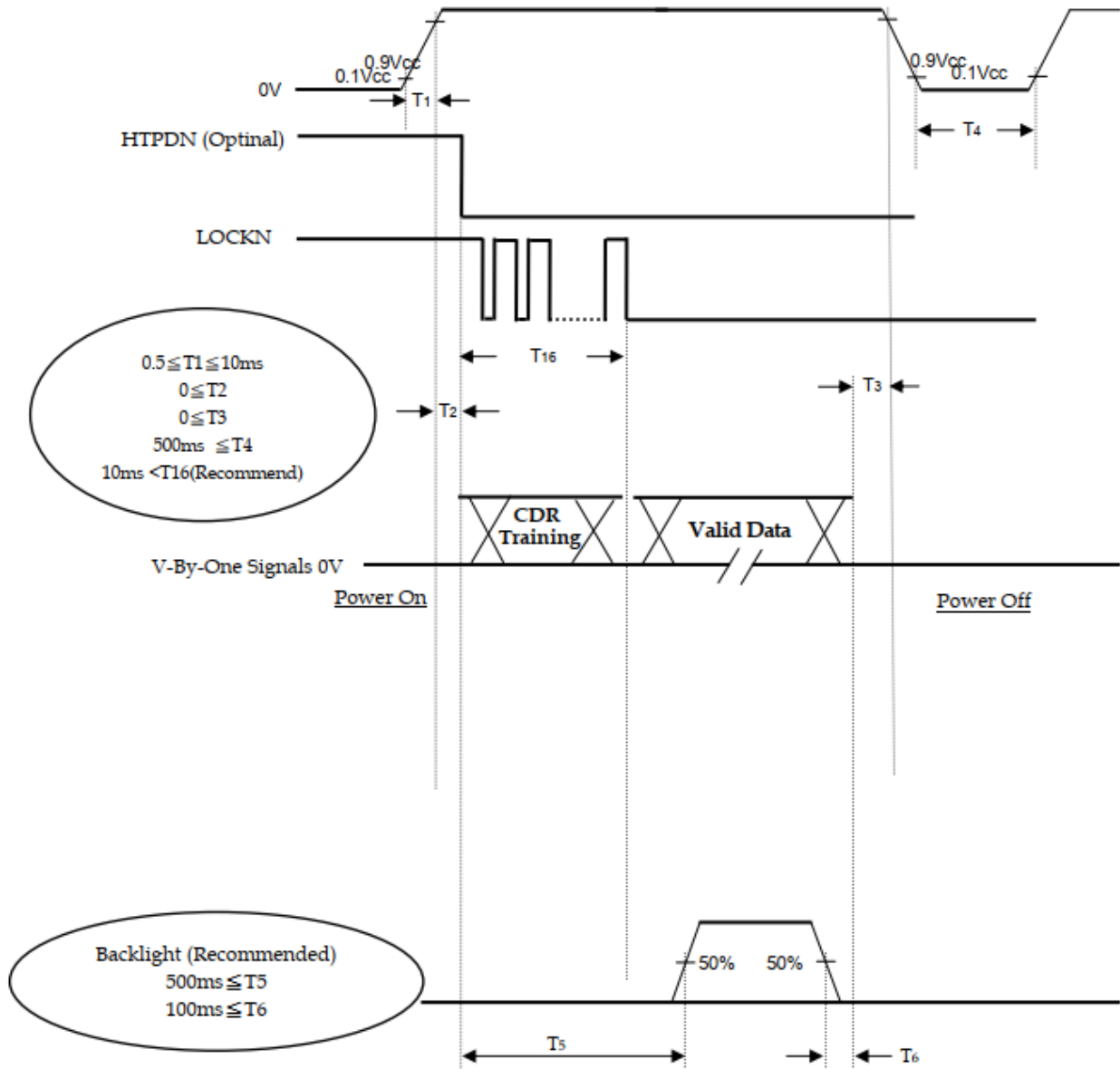
2.6 Byte Length and Color mapping of V-by-One HS

| Packer input & Unpacker output | | 30bpp RGB (10bit) |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| Byte 0 | D[0] | R[2] |
| | D[1] | R[3] |
| | D[2] | R[4] |
| | D[3] | R[5] |
| | D[4] | R[6] |
| | D[5] | R[7] |
| | D[6] | R[8] |
| | D[7] | R[9] |
| Byte 1 | D[8] | G[2] |
| | D[9] | G[3] |
| | D[10] | G[4] |
| | D[11] | G[5] |
| | D[12] | G[6] |
| | D[13] | G[7] |
| | D[14] | G[8] |
| | D[15] | G[9] |
| | Byte 2 | D[16] |
| D[17] | | B[3] |
| D[18] | | B[4] |
| D[19] | | B[5] |
| D[20] | | B[6] |
| D[21] | | B[7] |
| D[22] | | B[8] |
| D[23] | | B[9] |
| Byte 3 | D[24] | X |
| | D[25] | X |
| | D[26] | B[0] |
| | D[27] | B[1] |
| | D[28] | G[0] |
| | D[29] | G[1] |
| | D[30] | R[0] |
| | D[31] | R[1] |

2.7 Power ON/OFF Sequence

($T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should follow the definition of V_{cc} .

Note (2) In case of V_{cc} is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance. If $T2 < 0$, that maybe cause electrical overstress failure

Note (3) $T4$ should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

Note (4) V_{cc} must decay smoothly when power-off.

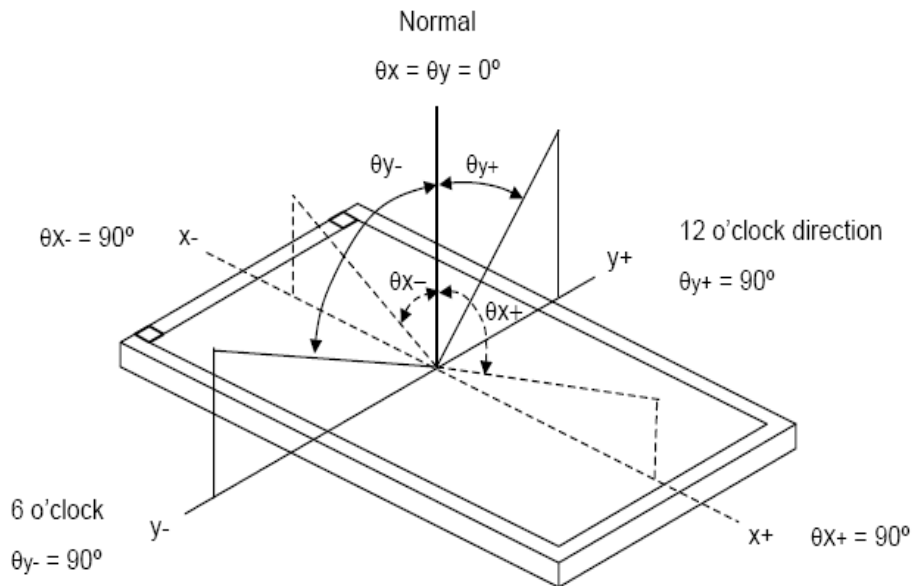
Note (5) Optional: For customer reference signal. It can be ignored if customer not use

3 Optical Specification

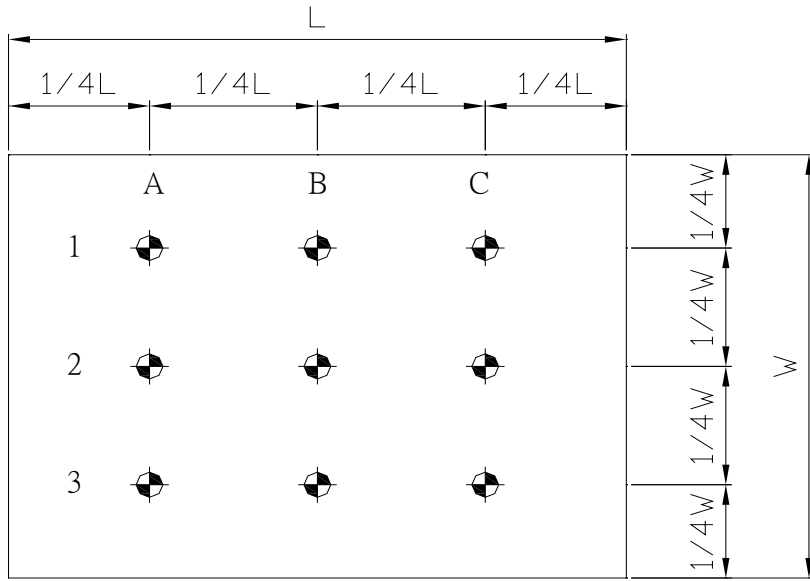
| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note | |
|---------------------------|------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------|-------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Color chromaticity | Red | Rx | 0.622 | 0.652 | 0.682 | - | Test Mode: (1) (2) (3) | |
| | | Ry | 0.303 | 0.333 | 0.363 | - | | |
| | Green | Gx | 0.263 | 0.293 | 0.323 | - | | |
| | | Gy | 0.616 | 0.646 | 0.676 | - | | |
| | Blue | Bx | 0.117 | 0.147 | 0.177 | - | | |
| | | By | 0.020 | 0.050 | 0.080 | - | | |
| | White | Wx | 0.247 | 0.277 | 0.307 | - | | |
| | | Wy | 0.278 | 0.308 | 0.338 | - | | |
| Center Luminance of White | Lc | $\theta_x=0$ | | 2000 | | cd/m ² | | |
| Uniform | Lu | $\theta_y=0$ BM-7 | | 75 | | % | | |
| Contrast Ratio | CR | $\theta_x=0$ | | 5600:1 | | - | Test Mode: (1) (4) | |
| Color Saturation | NTSC | $\theta_y=0$ Klein K-10 | | 84 | | % | | |
| Viewing Angle | Horizontal | θ_{x+} | CR \geq 10 | | 89 | | Deg | Test Mode: (1) (3) |
| | | θ_{x-} | | | 89 | | | |
| | Vertical | θ_{y+} | | | 89 | | | |
| | | θ_{y-} | | | 89 | | | |

Test Mode :

(1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θ_x , θ_y):

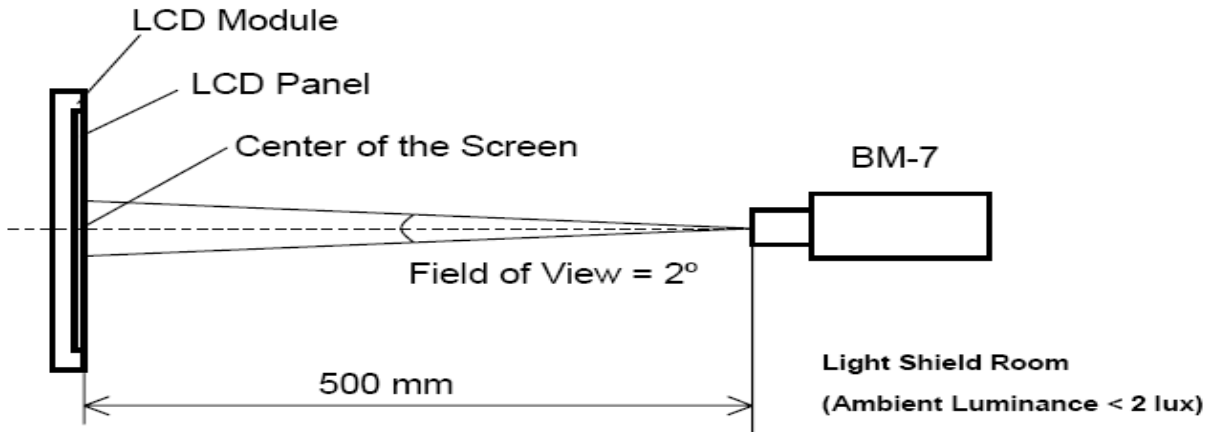


(2) Definition of Test Point:

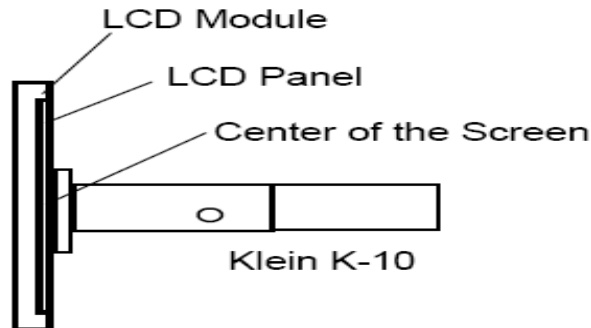


Active Area

(3) BM-7 Measurement Setup:



(4) Klein K-10 Measurement Setup:



4 LED Driving Board Specifications

This specification is applied to LED converter unit for SSD6740-I LED backlight.

4.1 Operating Characteristics

| Item | Symbol | Condition | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit | Remark |
|------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|------|-------|-------|------|---------|
| Input Voltage | Vin | | 22.0 | 24.0 | 26.0 | V | |
| Input Current (Low Brightness) | IinL | Brightness = 0% | 0.0 | ----- | ----- | mA | |
| Input Current (High Brightness) | IinH | Brightness = 100% | 6.22 | 5.81 | 5.49 | A | (1) |
| LED Current (Low Brightness) | IoutL | Brightness = 0% | 0.0 | ----- | ----- | Arms | |
| LED Current (High Brightness) | IoutH | Brightness = 100% | 2.57 | 2.6 | 2.63 | A | J1 · J2 |
| | | | 1.27 | 1.3 | 1.33 | A | J7 |
| Working Frequency | W_Freq | Brightness = 100% | 350 | 400 | 450 | KHZ | |
| Brightness Control | DC mode | | | | | | |
| | Vadj | Connection of Voltage | 0.2 | ----- | 4.8 | V | (2) |
| | PWM mode | | | | | | |
| | PWM | Connect to PWM | 0 | ----- | 100 | % | (3) |
| Freq | ----- | | 200 | 1000 | Hz | (4) | |
| ON/OFF Control | Von | Normal Operation | 2 | ----- | 5 | V | |
| | Voff | | 0 | ----- | 0.8 | V | |
| Output Voltage | Vout | Brightness = 100% | 30.3 | 30.8 | 31.3 | V | J1 · J2 |
| | | | 30.3 | 30.8 | 31.3 | V | J7 |
| Efficiency | η | Brightness = 100% | 85.0 | 86.1 | 86.7 | % | (5) |

Remark:

- (1) this data is based on the testing result of practical input voltage, Iin is measured by related Vin. (min, typ, max)
- (2) Max brightness at Vadj=0.2V. Min brightness at Vadj=4.8V.
- (3) Max dimming ratio = 1:100.
- (4) Frequency can be adjusted in accordance with demand(120Hz minimum, or lights will be flickering)
- (5) $\eta_{max} = V_{out(max)} \cdot I_{outH(max)} / V_{in(max)} \cdot I_{inH(min)}$
 $\eta_{min} = V_{out(min)} \cdot I_{outH(min)} / V_{in(min)} \cdot I_{inH(max)}$

4.2 Connector Socket

Input Connector: CN1(JST B10B-PH-K-S or Compatible)

| PIN No | Symbol | Description |
|--------|--------|-------------|
| 1 | Vin | DC+ |
| 2 | Vin | DC+ |
| 3 | Vin | DC+ |
| 4 | Vin | DC+ |
| 5 | Vin | DC+ |
| 6 | GND | Ground |
| 7 | GND | Ground |
| 8 | GND | Ground |
| 9 | GND | Ground |
| 10 | GND | Ground |

DC or PWM Connector: CN2

| PIN No | Symbol | Description |
|--------|--------|--|
| 1 | DC | Close pin 1,2 LED driver is DC dimming |
| 2 | GND | |
| 3 | GND | Close pin 2,3 LED driver is PWM dimming |

Note: If you use CN2 to set DC/PWM, please NC the pin1 of CN3.

Input Connector: CN3(JST B3B-PH-K-S or Compatible)

| PIN No | Symbol | Description |
|--------|------------|---------------------|
| 1 | CL | PWM or DC selection |
| 2 | Control | ON/OFF Control |
| 3 | Brightness | Brightness Control |
| 4 | GND | Ground |

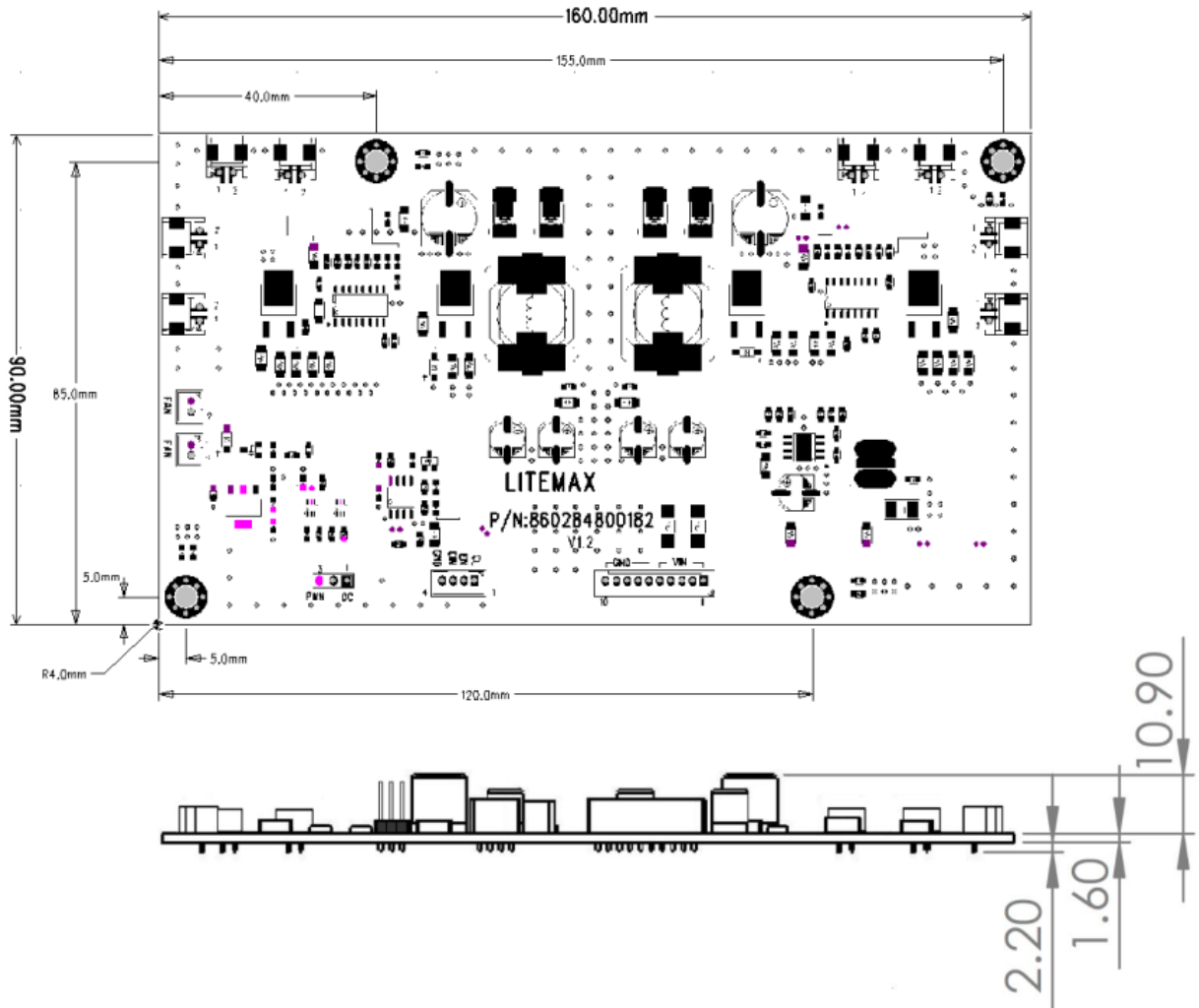
Note: Pin1 is dimming method control pin, Low → DC dimming, High → PWM dimming.
If pin1 is be used, please NC CN2.

Output Connector: J1,J2,J7,J8 (JST S2B-EH or Compatible)

| PIN NO | Symbol | Description |
|--------|--------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Output | LED High Voltage(+) |
| 2 | Output | LED Low Voltage (-) |

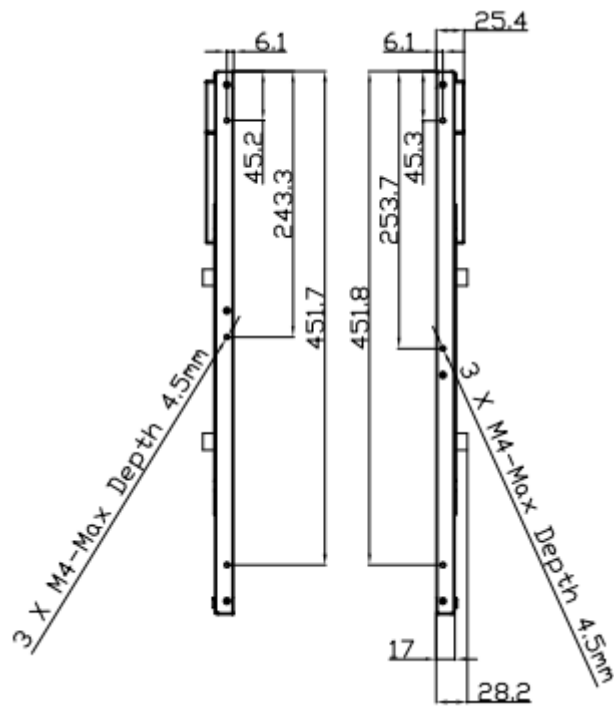
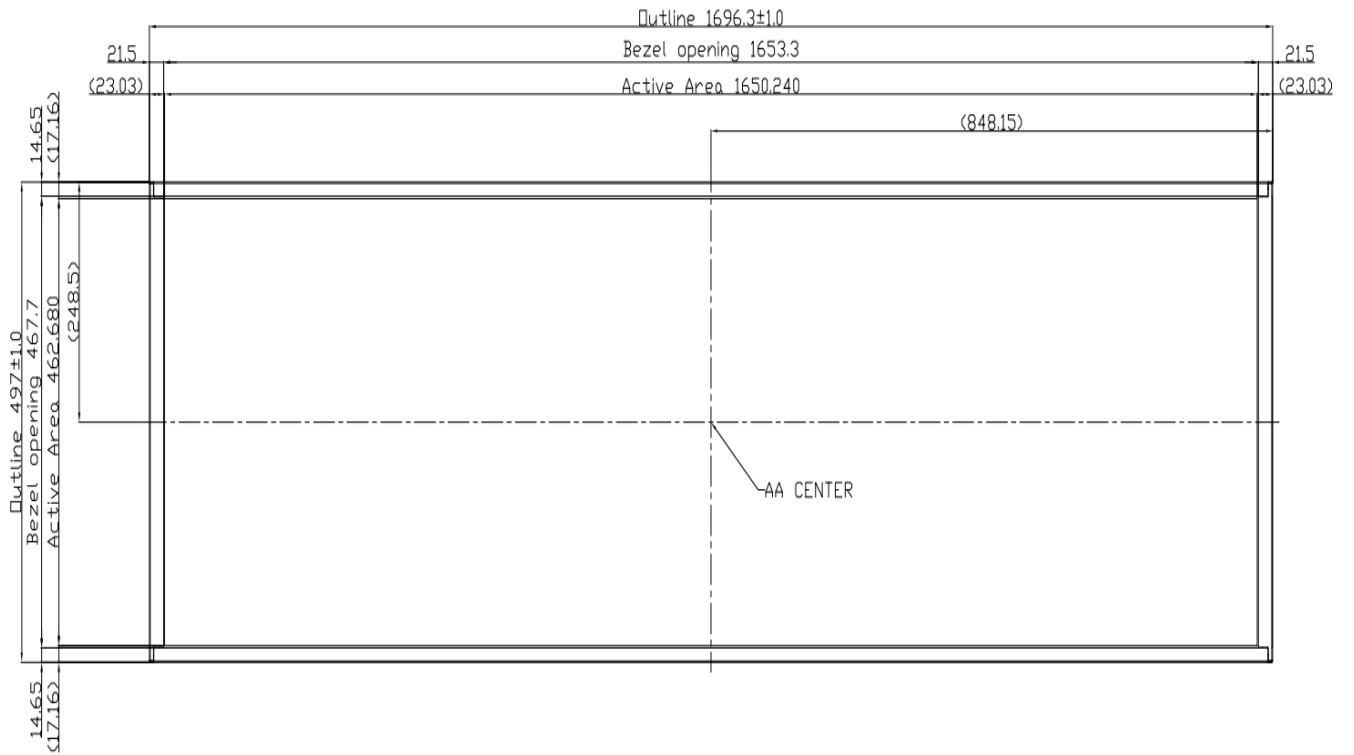
4.3 Mechanical Characteristics

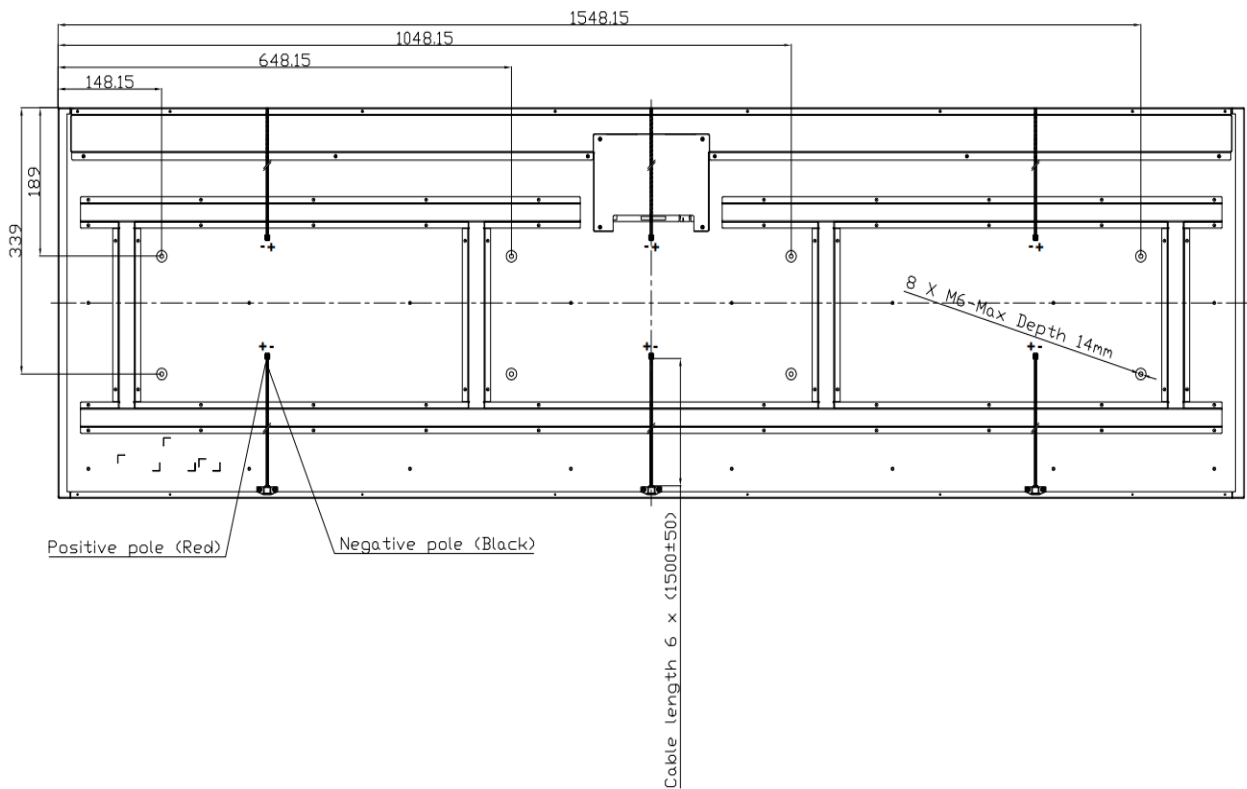
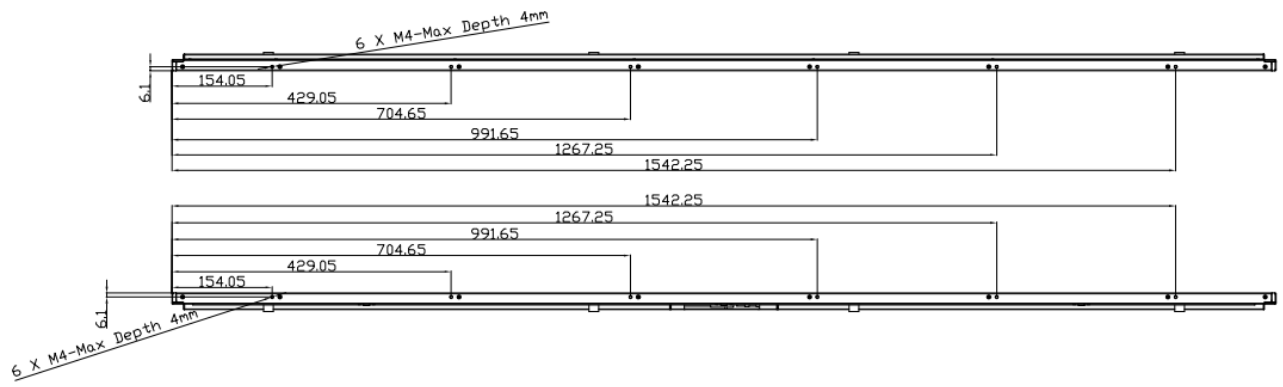
Dimension: 160mm x 90mm x 12.5mm



5 Mechanical Drawing

Unit:mm





Note :

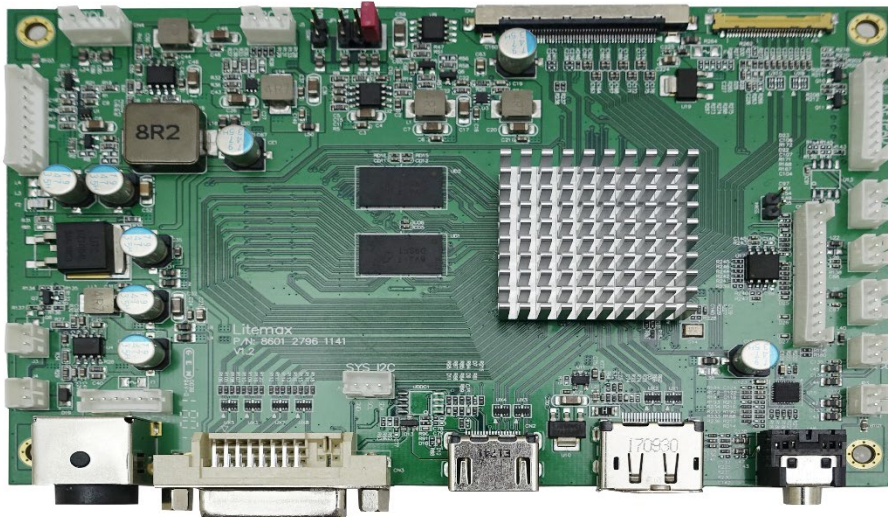
1. Tolerance is $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$ unless noted.
2. "()" marks the reference dimension.

6 AD2796GDHP Board & OSD Functions

AD2796 is a good performance AD board for Litemax 4K resolution display product. Input interface supports VGA, DVI dual link, HDMI, DP. Output supports V-by-1 and eDP panel. Max resolution up to 4096x2160. For high level application, AD2796 supports PIP, and screen rotation by embedded frame buffer.

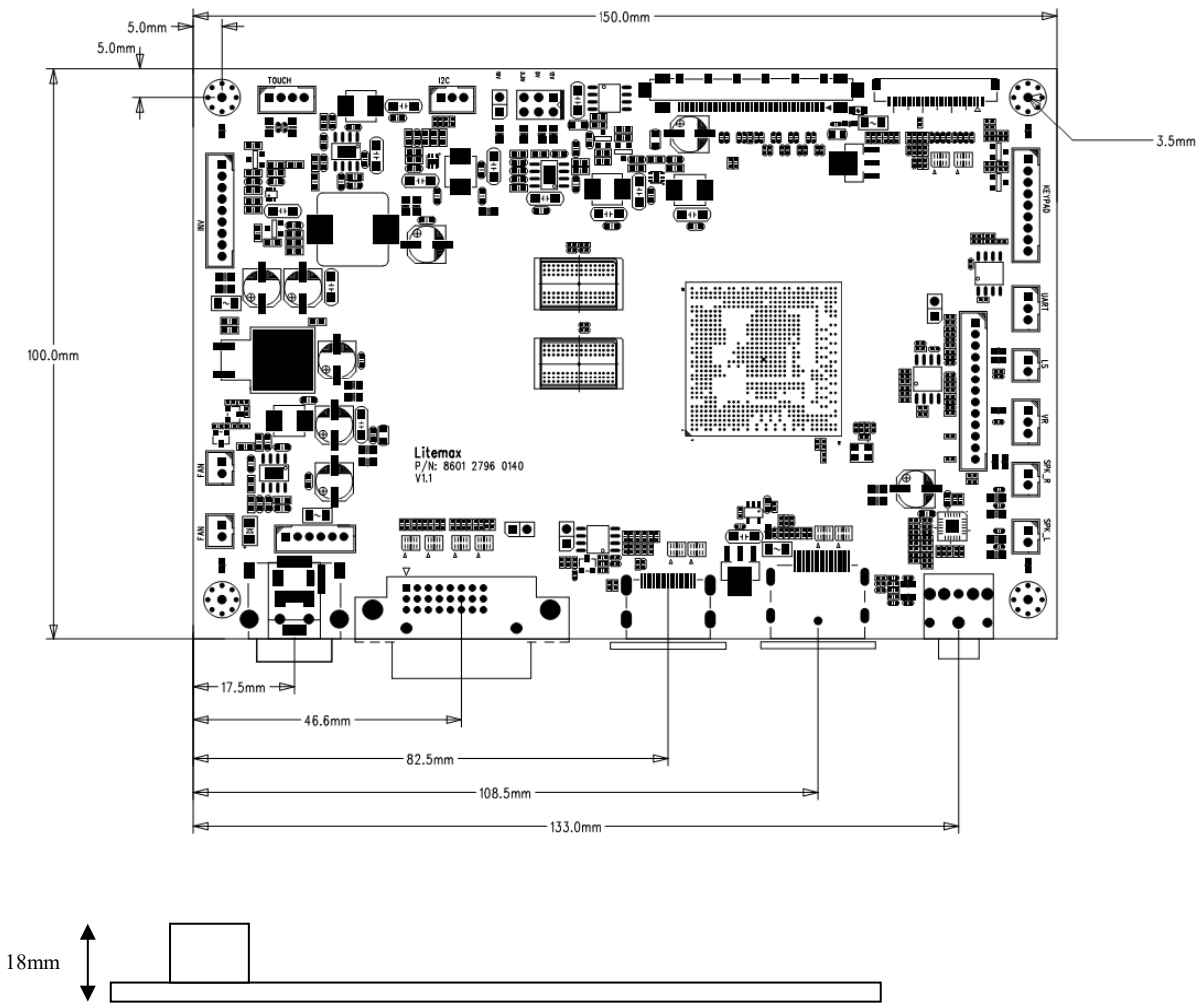
6.1 General Description

- Max resolution 4096x2160 60Hz
- One VGA input, supports 1080P. (Optional)
- One HDMI 2.0, supports 4096x2160 60Hz.
- One Display port 1.2, supports 4096x2160 60Hz.
- One DVI dual link, supports 4096x2160 30Hz.
- Support PIP, PBP, and 90, 180, 270 degree rotation.
- Embedded MCU with ADC port for VR, light sensor application.
- Support HDCP 1.4.
- Audio line in and speaker output.(Optional)
- Embedded OSD.
- Support V-by-1, eDP panel

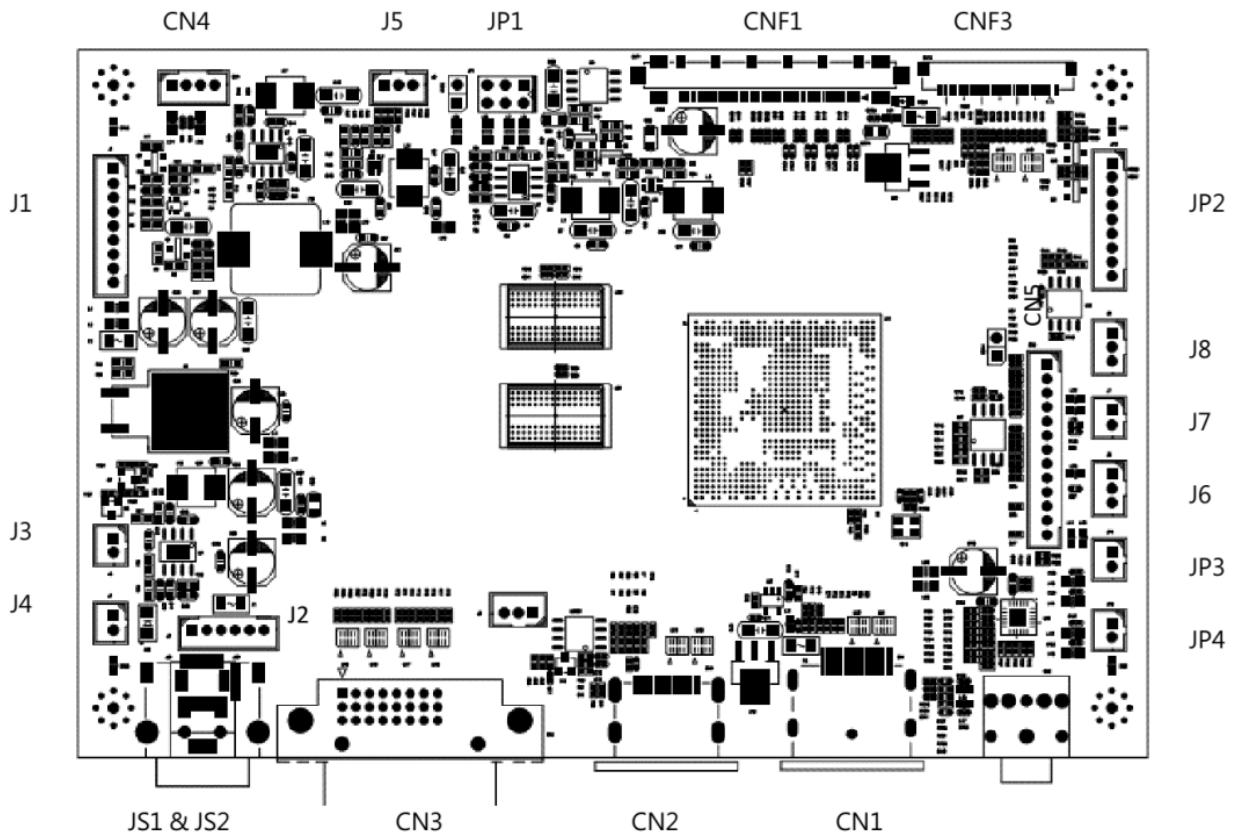


6.2 Outline Dimensions

AD2796GDHP 150mm x 100mm



6.3 AD2796GDHP Board Pin Define



➤ CNF1: V-by-one output

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|-----|------------|
| 1 | GND | 27 | HPD |
| 2 | X7P | 28 | 8b/10b SEL |
| 3 | X7N | 29 | NC |
| 4 | GND | 30 | NC |
| 5 | X6P | 31 | NC |
| 6 | X6N | 32 | NC |
| 7 | GND | 33 | SCL |
| 8 | X5P | 34 | SDA |
| 9 | X5N | 35 | NC |
| 10 | GND | 36 | NC |
| 11 | X4P | 37 | NC |
| 12 | X4N | 38 | GND |
| 13 | GND | 39 | GND |
| 14 | X3P | 40 | GND |

| | | | |
|----|-------|----|-------------|
| 15 | X3N | 41 | GND |
| 16 | GND | 42 | GND |
| 17 | X2P | 43 | NC |
| 18 | X2N | 44 | Panel power |
| 19 | GND | 45 | Panel power |
| 20 | X1P | 46 | Panel power |
| 21 | X1N | 47 | Panel power |
| 22 | GND | 48 | Panel power |
| 23 | X0P | 49 | Panel power |
| 24 | X0N | 50 | Panel power |
| 25 | GND | 51 | Panel power |
| 26 | LOCKN | | |

➤ CN3: DVI dual-link

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|---------------|-----|-----------------|-----|-------------|
| 1 | TMDS Data2- | 9 | TMDS Data1- | 17 | TMDS Data0- |
| 2 | TMDS Data2+ | 10 | TMDS Data1+ | 18 | TMDS Data0+ |
| 3 | Shield | 11 | Shield | 19 | Shield |
| 4 | TMDS Data4- | 12 | TMDS Data3- | 20 | TMDS Data5- |
| 5 | TMDS Data4+ | 13 | TMDS Data3+ | 21 | TMDS Data5+ |
| 6 | DDC Clock | 14 | +5V Power | 22 | Shield |
| 7 | DDC Data | 15 | Power ground | 23 | TMDS Clock+ |
| 8 | Vertical SYNC | 16 | Hot Plug Detect | 24 | TMDS Clock- |

➤ CN5: VGA input (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 13Pins)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|-----|-----------|
| 1 | SDA | 8 | BLUE_RTN |
| 2 | SCL | 9 | BLUE |
| 3 | GND | 10 | GREEN_RTN |
| 4 | +5V | 11 | GREEN |
| 5 | GND | 12 | RED_RTN |
| 6 | VSYNC | 13 | RED |

| | | | |
|---|-------|--|--|
| 7 | HSYNC | | |
|---|-------|--|--|

➤ CN2: HDMI input

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|----------|
| 1 | TMDS Data2+ | 9 | TMDS Data0- | 17 | GND |
| 2 | Shield | 10 | TMDS Clock+ | 18 | HDMI +5V |
| 3 | TMDS Data2- | 11 | Shield | 19 | HPD |
| 4 | TMDS Data1+ | 12 | TMDS Clock- | | |
| 5 | Shield | 13 | CEC | | |
| 6 | TMDS Data1- | 14 | NC | | |
| 7 | TMDS Data0+ | 15 | HDMI_SCL | | |
| 8 | Shield | 16 | HDMI_SDA | | |

➤ CN1: DisplayPort input

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|------------|-----|-----------------|
| 1 | LAN_C_D3N | 11 | GND |
| 2 | GND | 12 | ML_LANE0_P |
| 3 | LAN_C_D3P | 13 | GND |
| 4 | ML_LANE2_N | 14 | GND |
| 5 | GND | 15 | AUX_CH_P |
| 6 | ML_LANE2_P | 16 | GND |
| 7 | ML_LANE1_N | 17 | AUX_CH_N |
| 8 | GND | 18 | Hot plug detect |
| 9 | ML_LANE1_P | 19 | GND |
| 10 | ML_LANE0_N | 20 | DP +5V |

➤ JS2: Power input (Power Din 4 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|-------------|-----|----------|
| 1 | Power Input | 3 | GND |
| 2 | Power Input | 4 | GND |

➤ JS1: Power input (Power Jack 3 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|-------------|-----|----------|
| 1 | Power Input | 3 | GND |
| 2 | GND | | |

➤ J2: Power input (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 6 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|-------------|-----|----------|
| 1 | Power Input | 4 | GND |
| 2 | Power Input | 5 | GND |
| 3 | Power Input | 6 | GND |

➤ CN4: Reserved 12/5V (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 4 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|-----|----------|
| 1 | 5V | 3 | 12V |
| 2 | GND | 4 | GND |

➤ J1: Backlight Power and Control (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 9 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|------------|-----|-------------|
| 1 | DC/PWM SEL | 6 | GND |
| 2 | Enable | 7 | 12V (Note3) |
| 3 | Dimming | 8 | 12V (Note3) |
| 4 | GND | 9 | 12V (Note3) |
| 5 | GND | | |

Note3: Pin 7,8,9 are for 12V version only. If you choose 24V version, these 3 pin are NC.

➤ J3, J4: 12V for Fan power (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 2 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|------------|-----|----------|
| 1 | Fan+ (12V) | 2 | Fan- |

➤ JP2: Keypad (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 9 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|-----------|-----|----------|
| 1 | POWER KEY | 6 | MENU KEY |
| 2 | GREEN LED | 7 | AUTO KEY |
| 3 | RED LED | 8 | GND |

| | | | |
|---|----------|---|-----|
| 4 | DOWN KEY | 9 | GND |
| 5 | UP KEY | | |

➤ J6: VR (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 3 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|-----|----------|
| 1 | 3.3V | 3 | GND |
| 2 | VR | | |

➤ J7: Light sensor (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 2 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|-----|------------|
| 1 | 5V | 2 | Sensor Out |

➤ JP1: Panel power selection (2.54mm pitch 2x3 jump) (Note4)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| 1-2 close | 12V | 5-6 close | 3.3V |
| 3-4 close | 5V | | |

➤ SSW1: Panel power selection (2.54mm pitch 2x1 jump) (Note4)

| Pin | Function | | |
|-----------|----------|--|--|
| 1-2 close | 10V | | |

Note4: Panel power selection can only be chosen one. If you short multi jump at the same time, it will damage product.

➤ JP3, JP4: Speaker output (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 2 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|-----|----------|
| 1 | SPK+ | 2 | SPK- |

➤ J8: UART (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 3 pin)

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|-----|----------|
| 1 | TX | 3 | GND |
| 2 | RX | | |

➤ J5: I2C (Wafer 2.0mm pitch 3 pin)

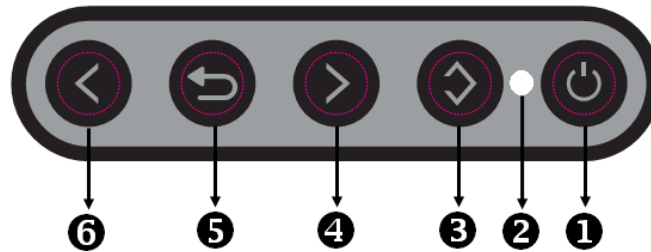
| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|-----|----------|
| 1 | SDA | 3 | GND |
| 2 | SCL | | |







➤ CNF3: eDP output

| Pin | Function | Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|-----|-------------|
| 1 | GND | 16 | GND |
| 2 | NC | 17 | AUX_P |
| 3 | GND | 18 | AUX_N |
| 4 | GND | 19 | GND |
| 5 | L3N | 20 | HPD |
| 6 | L3P | 21 | GND |
| 7 | GND | 22 | NC |
| 8 | L2N | 23 | NC |
| 9 | L2P | 24 | GND |
| 10 | GND | 25 | NC |
| 11 | L1N | 26 | Panel power |
| 12 | L1P | 27 | Panel power |
| 13 | GND | 28 | Panel power |
| 14 | L0N | 29 | Panel power |
| 15 | L0P | 30 | Panel power |

6.4 OSD Function

MEMBRANE CONTROL BUTTOM



- ①  **Key:** (Power) function key
Press the power switch will turn the monitor on.
Press it again to turn the monitor off.
- ②  **LED Status:** Power ON-Green / Power off-No.
- ③  **Key:** (Menu + Selection Right + Enter) function key
Press this button to the OSD “main menu”. And then press this button go to the “Selection Right” function, and press again this button to “Enter”.
- ④  **Key:** (Menu + Selection Up + Increase) function key
Press this button to the OSD “main menu”. And then press this button go to the “Selection Up” function, and press again this button to adjustment value “Increase”.
- ⑤  **Key:** (Menu + Exit) function key
Enter to the OSD adjustment menu. It also used for go back to previous menu for sub-menu.
- ⑥  **Key:** (Menu + Selection Down + Decrease) function key
Press this button to the OSD “main menu”. And then press this button go to the “Selection Down” function, and press again this button to adjustment value “Decrease”.

Screen Adjustment Operation Procedure

1. Entering the screen adjustment

The setting switches are normally at stand-by. Push the **Menu Key** once to display the main menu of the screen adjustment. The adjustable items will be displayed in the main menu.

2. Entering the settings

Use the **Down Key**  and **Up Key**  buttons to select the desired setting icon and push the SELECT button to enter sub-menu.

3. Change the settings

After the sub-menu appears, use the **Down Key**  and **Up Key**  buttons to change the setting values.

4. Save

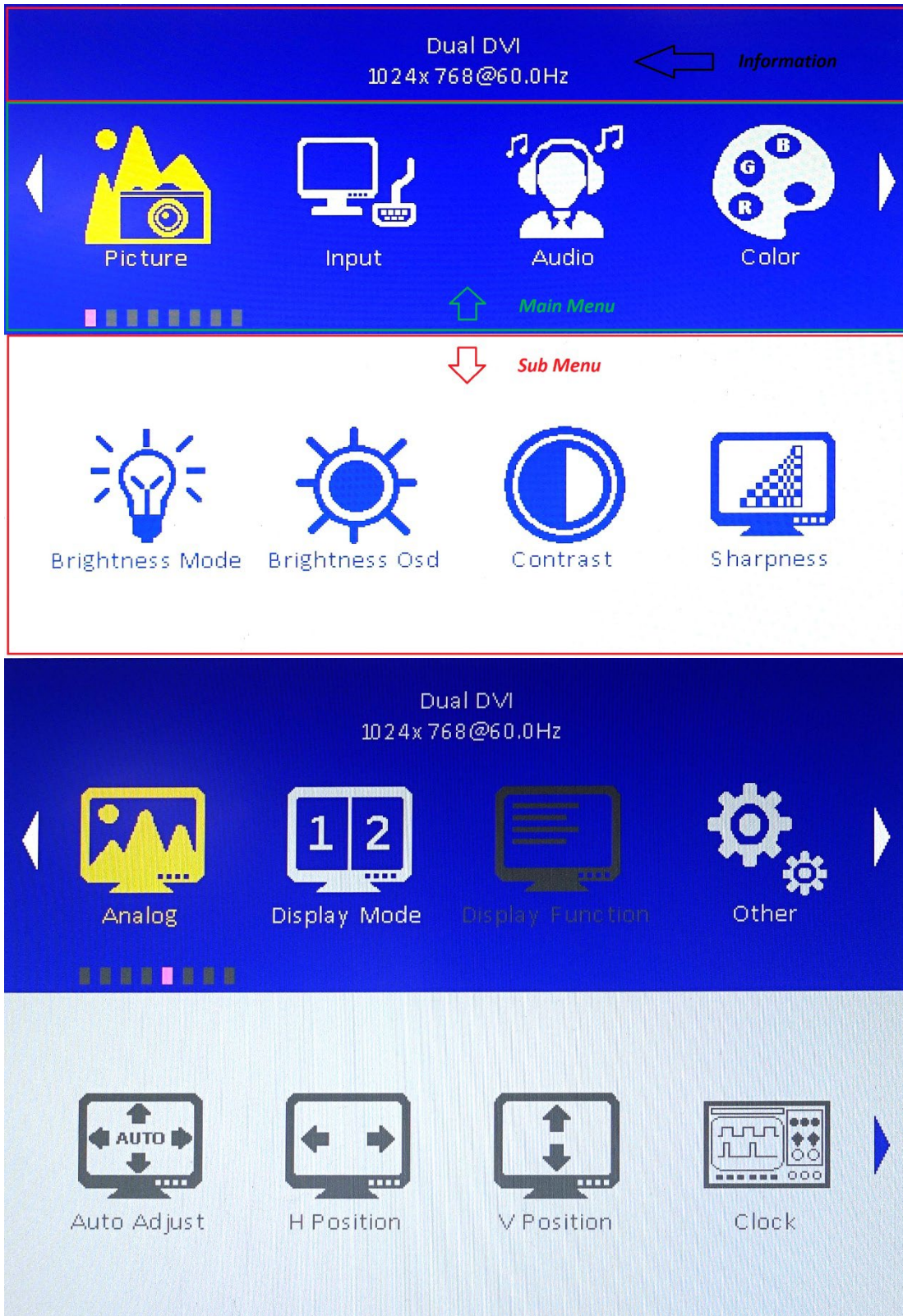
After finishing the adjustment, push the  button to memorize the setting.

5. Return & Exit the Main Menu

Exit the screen adjustment; push the “MENU” button. When no operation is done around 30 sec (default OSD timeout), it goes back to the stand-by mode and no more switching is accepted except MENU to restart the setting.












6.5 OSD Menu






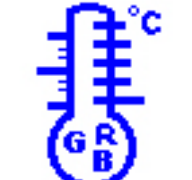








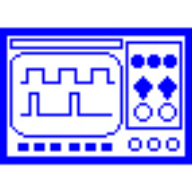
By pressing the “menu” button, you will see the below picture. Across from timing you will see resolution, frequency, and V-frequency of the panel. These cannot be altered by the user.







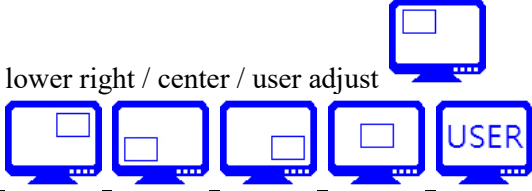











【Information】 Display screen information, include input source and resolution.

【Main menu】 Main function 【Sub menu】 Sub function

| Main | Sub | Function |
|---|---|--|
|  |  | Brightness mode select: Brightness / VR / Light sensor  |
| |  | Brightness adjust: 0 to 100 |
| |  | Contrast adjust: 0 to 100 |
| |  | Sharpness adjust: 0 to 4 |
|  |  | Input source select: VGA |
| |  | Input source select: DP |
| |  | Input source select: HDMI |
| |  | Input source select: DVI |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| |  | Auto detect function |
|  |  | Volume adjust: 0 to 100 |
| |  | Mute ON/OFF |
|  |  | Color temperature mode: 9300 / 6500 / User    |
| |  | Saturation adjust: 0 to 100 |
|  |  | Auto adjust [VGA input only] |
| |  | Horizontal position adjust for image: 0 to 100 [VGA input only] |
| |  | Vertical position adjust for image: 0 to 100 [VGA input only] |
| |  | Clock adjust: 0 to 100 [VGA input only] |

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| |  | Phase adjust: 0 to 100 [VGA input only] |
|  |  | PIP disable |
| |  | PIP enable |
|  |  | PIP position setting: top left / top right / lower left / lower right / center / user adjust  |
| |  | PIP size adjust: 0 to 10 |
| |  | Main and sub image swap |
|  |  | System reset |
| |  | OSD menu time: 10 to 60 (Second) |
| |  | OSD horizontal position adjust: 0 to 100 |

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| |  | OSD vertical position adjust: 0 to 100 |
| |  | OSD transparency adjust: 0 to 255 |
| |  | OSD rotate: 0 / 90 / 270 |

OSD MENU FUNCTION STRUCTURE

| OSD | | | Input Source | | PIP |
|------------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Main | Sub | Value | VGA | DVI / HDMI / DP | ENABLE |
| Picture | Brightness Mode | OSD / VR / LS | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| | Brightness | 0~100 | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| | Contrast | 0~100 | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| | Sharpness | 0~4 | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Input | | VGA / DP / HDMI / DVI / Auto | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | |
| | | Main: VGA / DP / HDMI / DVI / Auto Sub: VGA / DP / HDMI / DVI / Auto | | | <input type="radio"/> |
| Audio | Volume | 0~100 | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| | Mute | ON / OFF | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Color | Temperature | 9300 / 6500 / User | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| | Saturation | 0~100 | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Analog | Auto Adjust | | <input type="radio"/> | | <input type="radio"/> |
| | Horizontal Position | 0~100 | <input type="radio"/> | | <input type="radio"/> |
| | Vertical Position | 0~100 | <input type="radio"/> | | <input type="radio"/> |
| | Clock | 0~100 | <input type="radio"/> | | <input type="radio"/> |
| | Phase | 0~100 | <input type="radio"/> | | <input type="radio"/> |
| Display Mode | | 1P / 2P PIP | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Display Function | PIP Position | Top left / Top right / Lower left / Lower right / Center / User | | | <input type="radio"/> |

| | | | | | |
|----------|-------------------------------|--------------|---|---|---|
| | PIP Size | 0~10 | | | ⊙ |
| | Input SWAP | | | | ⊙ |
| Other | Reset | | ⊙ | ⊙ | ⊙ |
| | Menu Time | 10~60 | ⊙ | ⊙ | ⊙ |
| | OSD Horizontal Position | 0~100 | ⊙ | ⊙ | ⊙ |
| | OSD Vertical Position | 0~100 | ⊙ | ⊙ | ⊙ |
| | Transparency | 0~255 | ⊙ | ⊙ | ⊙ |
| | Rotate | 0 / 90 / 270 | ⊙ | ⊙ | ⊙ |
| ⊙Support | | | | | |

7 Precautions

7.1 Handling and Mounting Precautions

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the LCD during assembly.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress, Concentrated stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the LCD module.
- (3) While assembling or installing LCD modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (4) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (5) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily be scratched.
- (6) Please attach the surface transparent protection film to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protection film should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (7) When the transparent protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (8) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (9) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (10) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (11) Protect the LCD module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (12) Do not disassemble the module.
- (13) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (14) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

7.2 Storage Precautions

- (1) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of LCD module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (2) If possible store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (3) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (4) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

7.3 Operation Precautions

- (1) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the LCD module is operating.
- (2) Always follow the correct power on/off sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent the CMOS LSI chips from damage during latch-up.
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (4) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods are very important to minimize the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to module. Otherwise, module can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.
- (9) Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking.
- (10) In order to prevent image sticking, periodical power-off or screen save is needed after fixed pattern long time display.
- (11) Black image or moving image is strongly recommended as a screen save.
- (12) Static information display recommended to use with moving image. Cycling display between 10 minutes' information (static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
- (13) Background and character (image) color change is recommended. Use different colors for background and character, respectively. And change colors themselves periodically.
- (14) LCD system is required to place in well-ventilated environment. Adapting active cooling system is highly recommended.
- (15) Product reliability and functions are only guaranteed when the product is used under right operation usages.
- (16) If product will be used in extreme conditions, such as high temperature/ humidity, shock and vibration it is strongly recommended to contact Litemax for filed application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at airports, transit stations, taxi-top, in vehicle and controlling systems.

8 Disclaimer

All information in this document are subject to change, please constant LiteMax for any new design.